# Climate Based Seed Transfer (CBST) Update

FGC Interior Technical Advisory Committee February 6, 2019

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Forest Improvement and Res Mgmt Branch

### **Options for Seed Transfer Standards**

Since April 5, 2018, Geographic Based Seed Transfer (GBST) and Climate Based Seed Transfer (CBST) are both useable under the Chief Foresters Standards for Seed Use – during a transition period.

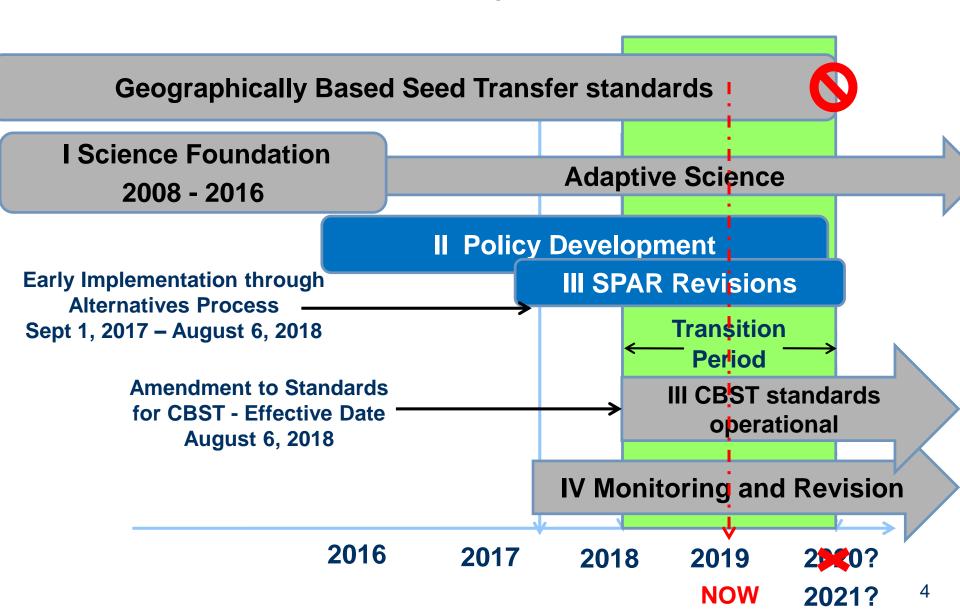


### **CBST Uptake to Date**

- For 2018 Sowing (using a request for a CBST Alternative) about 2% of seedling requests
- For 2019 Sowing (as an option under the Chief Foresters Standards for Seed Use), so far:

Funding Source	Seedling Use	Percent with Subject To=CBST
BCT	<b>BCTS</b> Reforestation	73%
FTM	FFT Reforestation	82%
FTM	FES Carbon	90%
LFP	Licensee Reforestation	33%
All	All	58%

### **CBST Policy Timeline**





### Planned CBST Data and SPAR Updates

- **April 2019**
- \* minor fixes (address critical orphaned **BECvariants**)
- \* improvements to grand fir transfer fxn
- April 2020 \* refinements to CBST Areas of Use (new climate data, add 2 yrs into future, climate variable weighting?, updates for BEC 11 and 12 (13 and 14?).
- **April 2021**
- \* likely the first chance to remove GBST, and add further transition provisions



## **Finding Mitigation Options**

- Our focus turns to finding the right policy options, establishing seed trading arrangements, and planning new orchards (and seed planning units).
- Species Specific Mitigation Options and General Mitigation Options to be considered
- Will likely need several rounds of impact and gap analysis to inform the options



# Impact Assessment and Gap Analysis TOOLS AVAILABLE:

- CBST compared to GBST Impact Assessment Excel Workbook
- CBST Seed Supply and Demand Excel Workbook (Gap Analysis)
- 3. Interactive pdf maps of CBST areas of use for existing seed orchard source BEC variants
- 4. Spatial (shape) files of CBST areas of use will also be available



## **Impact Assessment and Gap Analysis**

- Initial DRAFT Provincial Species Reports and Summaries now available
- Provides a starting point for your own analysis
- Need to understand data assumptions and limitations of the tools (and Provincial Summaries)
- Additional functionality to tools planned (GVO filter, forecasts and sensitivity analysis)
- Standards, inventory and planting data to be updated in April 2019 and April 2020



### **Data Assumptions and Limitations**

- Planting data is 5.8 years (2013 to Nov 2018)
- Inventory data from SPAR at April 2018
- Inventory only allocated to BEC variants suitable under CBST, weighted by proportion of BECvar in the CBST area of use
- Surplus and deficit analysis assumes use of CBST only (does not account for fact that seed use will continue under GBST to address gaps)

### IMPACT ASSESSMENT TOOLS

Compare CBST to GBST



### Geographically Based Seed Transfer (GBST)

- Seed sources (seedlots) are <u>migrated</u> geographical distances (geographic space)
- Seed deployment Areas of Use (GBST AOU) in place <u>prior</u> to April 5, 2018
- Seed Planning zones (Class A and B); Seed Planning Units (Class A)
- Latitude/longitude and elevation (and within BEC zone) transfer limits

### Climate Based Seed Transfer (CBST)

- Seed sources (seedlots) are <u>migrated</u> climatic distances (<u>climate</u>
   <u>space</u>)
- Seed deployment Areas of Use (CBST AOU) in place on, or after April 5,
   2018
- BEC Variant (I have a Cutblock; I have a Seedlot)
- Class A and B share the same seed deployment maps

## GBST Standards: Seed deployment (transfer) based on GBST Areas of Use

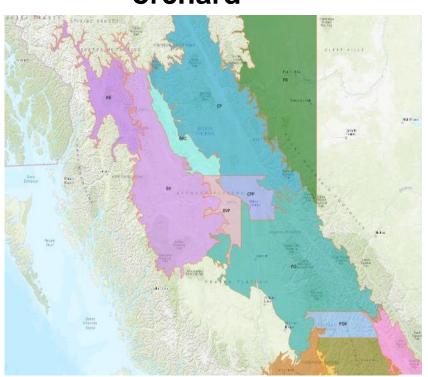


Seed deployed within geographically based seed transfer areas of use (GBST AOU). Areas of use are derived from:

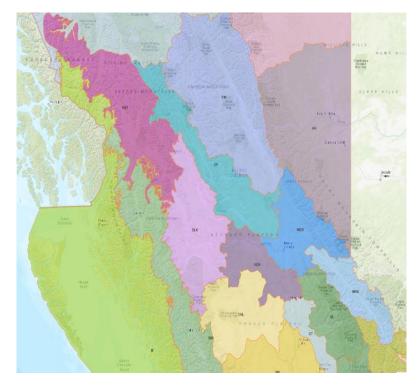
- Seed planning zones (SPZ-A and or SPZ-B)
- Seed planning units (SPU-A only)
- Latitude and longitude (Class B only)
  - Elevation
- BEC zone class B only

## **GBST Standards: GBST Area of Use for Class A and B**

## Genetic Class A – orchard

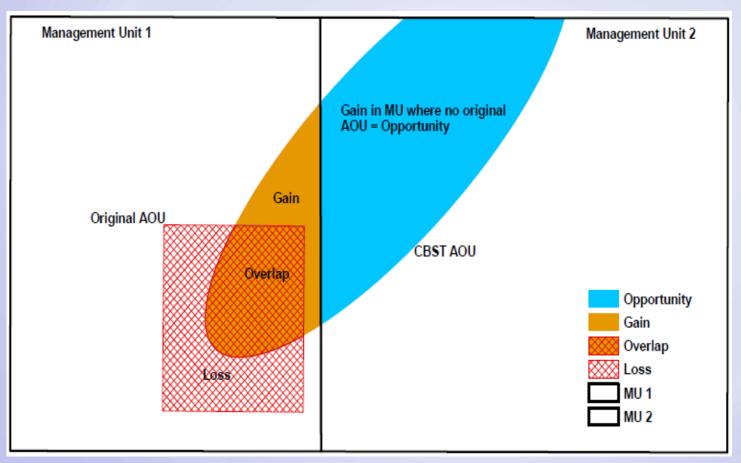


## **Genetic Class B –** natural stand



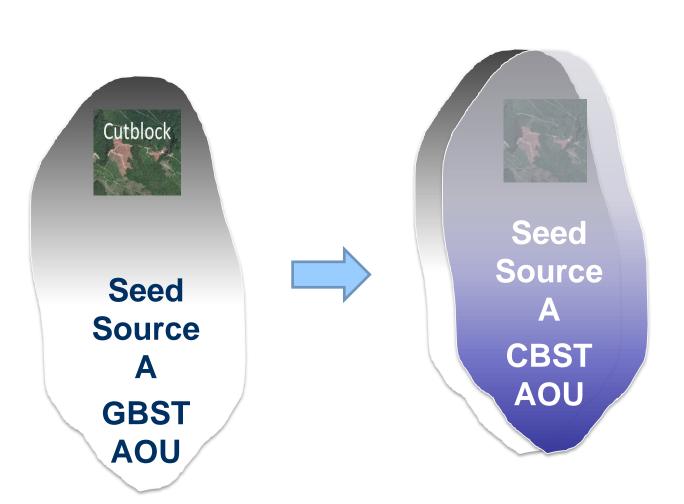


## **CBST Compared to GBST**



Impacts: Areas of Loss, **Overlap** and Gain, Plus **Opportunity** New (alternate) seed sources moving in

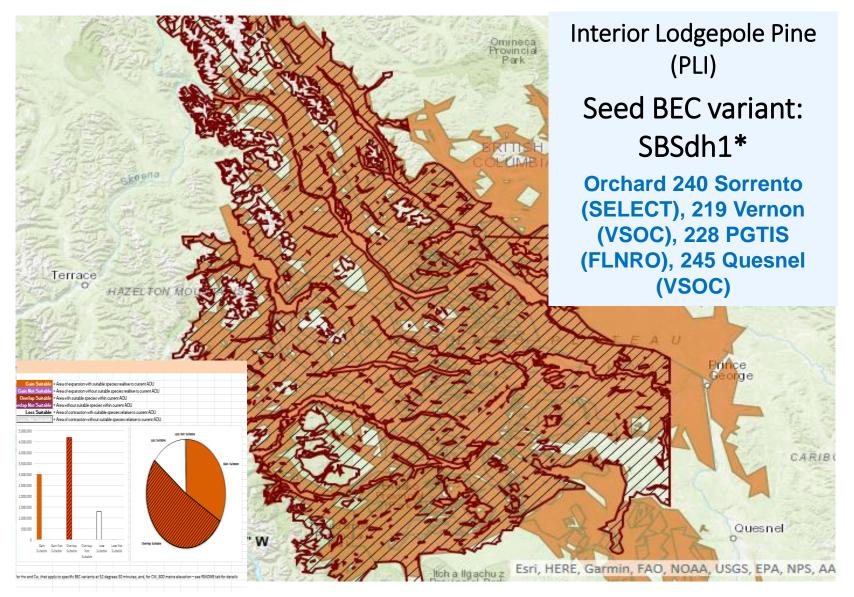
## During Transition: GBST with optional use of CBST Scenario 1: Low impact under CBST



Seed
Source A
deployed
(transfer)
under GBST
and CBST

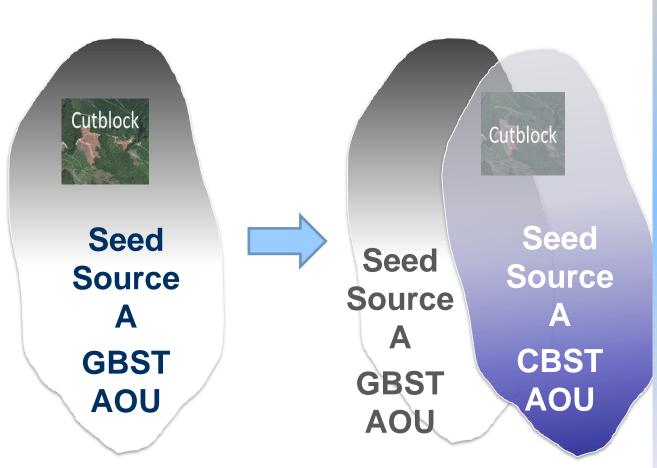
Impact: Low large 'area of overlap' (hectares) in seed use.

### Scenario 1: Low Impact under CBST



### **During Transition:** GBST with optional use of CBST

Scenario 2: Moderate impact under CBST



Seed
Source A
deployed
(transfer)
under GBST
and CBST

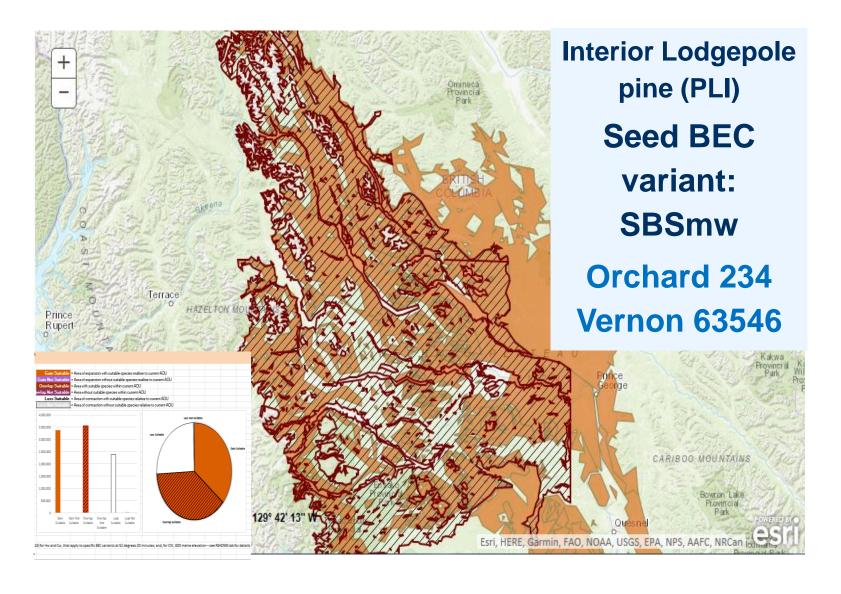
Percentage of hectares impacted:

GBST AOU: 34%-67%

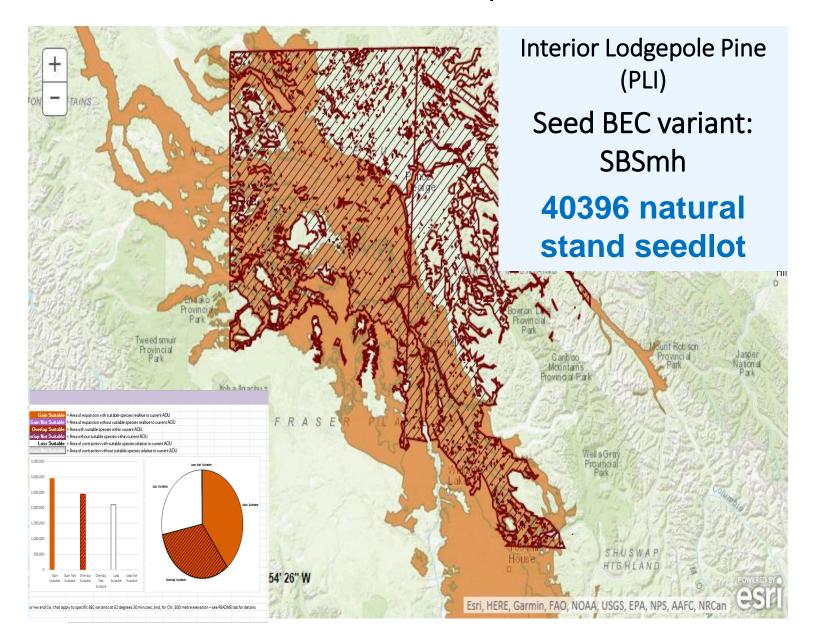
CBST AOU\*: 50-100%

\* Gain plus overlap = reduction / expansion in area under CBST.

### Scenario 2: Moderate Impact under CBST

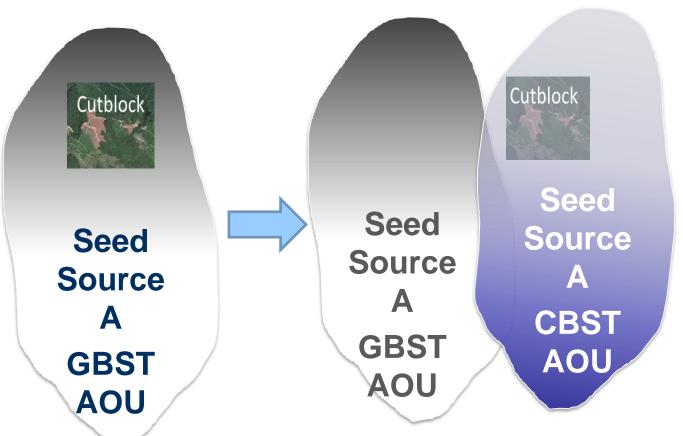


### Scenario 2: Moderate Impact under CBST



### **During Transition:** GBST with optional use of

Scenario 3: <u>High</u> impact under CBST



# Seed Source A available under GBST and CBST.

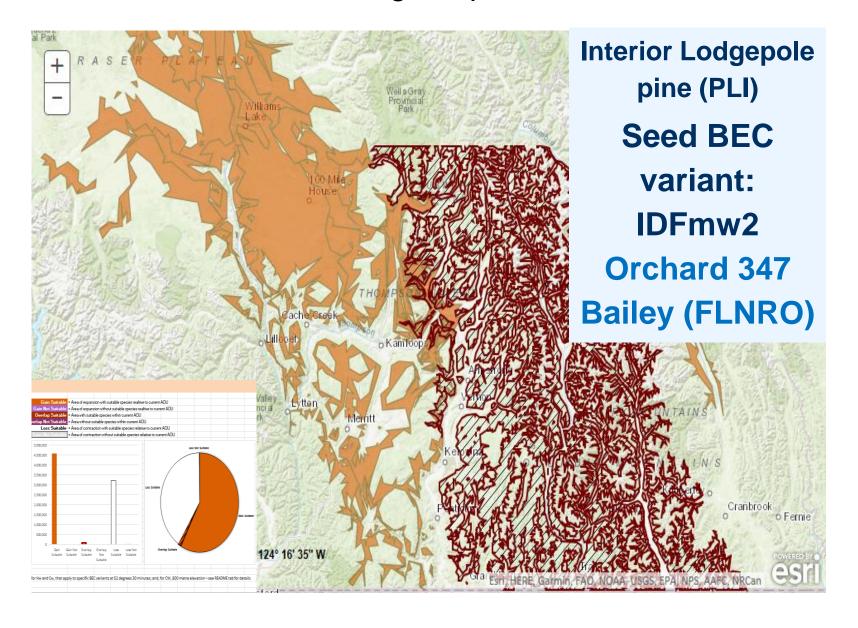
Minimal 'area of overlap' between GBST AOU and CBST AOU.
GBST AOU:
34%-67%
CBST AOU\*: 50100%

\* Gain plus overlap = reduction / expansion in

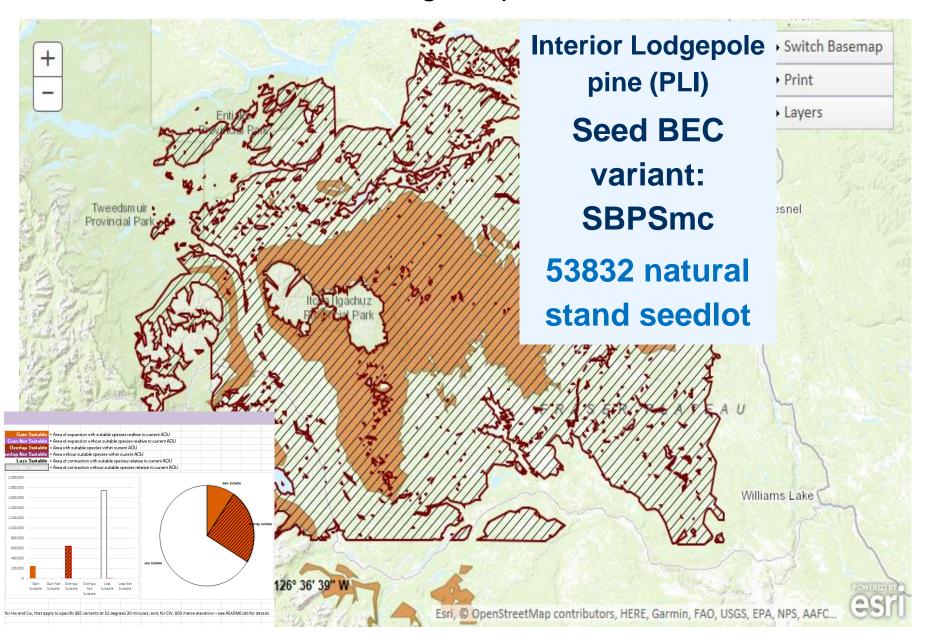
area under

CBST.

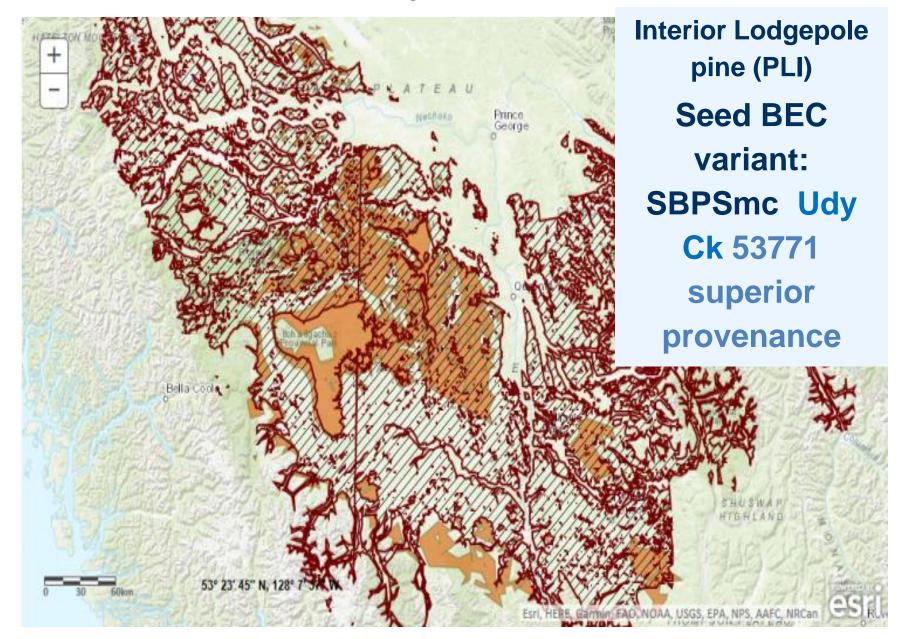
### Scenario 3: High Impact under CBST



### Scenario 3: High Impact under CBST



### Scenario 3: High Impact under CBST



## GAP ANALYSIS TOOLS

Seed Surpluses and Deficits

### **CBST Impact and Gap Assessment**

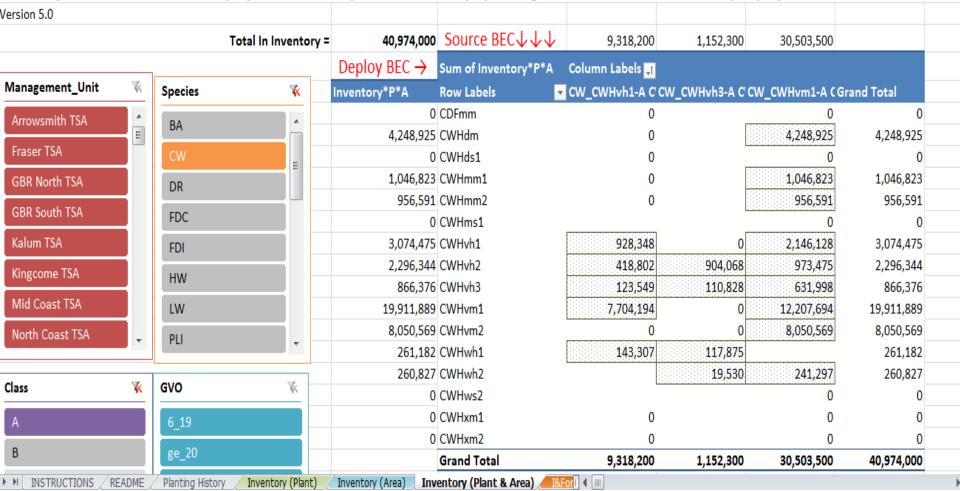
Seed Supply/Demand workbook - Planting History [RESULTS, 5.8 year average (2013-2017]

						· ·					
Planting History (5.	.8 yez	ır annual ave	.rage)								
							Not-Suitable	65,934	24,895	338,605	
Version 5.0				Not-Suitable	Suitable	Total	Stuitable	264,905	160,832	4,199,829	
			Planted =	= 429,434	4,625,567	5,055,000	Source BEC↓↓↓	330,839	185,727	7 4,538,434	
				8%	92%	6 Deploy BEC →	Sum of Planted_tot	Column Labels 🗾			
Management_Unit	76	Species	*					CW_CWHvh1-AC\			
				2,983			3 CDFmm	19	Г	2,964	1
Arrowsmith TSA		CW		22,562			1 CWHdm	22,562	L	414,249	-
Fraser TSA		DR		17,021			1 CWHds1	4,669		12,352	1
GBR North TSA	Á	FDC		414	80,548	80,962	2 CWHmm1	414	ļ	80,548	80,962
GBR NOTH TSA				269	8,584	8,853	3 CWHmm2	269	t	8,584	8,853
GBR South TSA		FDI		11,901	. 0	11,901	1 CWHms1		_	11,901	11,901
Kalum TSA	Á	HW		3,972	893,648	897,621	1 CWHvh1	129,804	3,972	2 763,844	897,621
				0	306,313	306,31?	3 CWHvh2	7,398	32,397	7 266,518	306,313
Kingcome TSA		LW		0	1,805	1,805	5 CWHvh3	0	1,805	A 0	1,805
Mid Coast TSA		PLI		12,649	2,193,843	2,206,492	Z CWHvm1	127,703	12,649	9 2,066,140	2,206,492
		DW		35,192	599,946	635,138	8 CWHvm2	26,919	8,273	3 599,946	635,138
North Coast TSA	Ŧ	PW	▼	0	126,631	. 126,637	1 CWHwh1	0	126,631	4	126,631
Class	*	GV0	₹.	0	0	C	0 CWHwh2		0	0 0	. 0
Class			- N	28	0	28	8 CWHws2	_		28	28
A		6_19		74,092	. 0	74,092	2 CWHxm1	4,299		69,793	74,092
В		ge_20		248,351	. 0	248,351	1 CWHxm2	6,783		241,568	248,351
	4						Grand Total	330,839	185,727	7 4,538,434	5,055,000
B+		le_5									
INSTRUCTIONS	/ READI	DME Planting H	History Inventory (	(Plant) Inver	ntory (Area)	Inventory (Plant & Are	ea) [&For[] (				
		A	,	,							

### **CBST Impact and Gap Assessment**

Seed Supply/Demand workbook – Inventory (Plant & Area) [Seed allocation areaweighted across BEC variants]

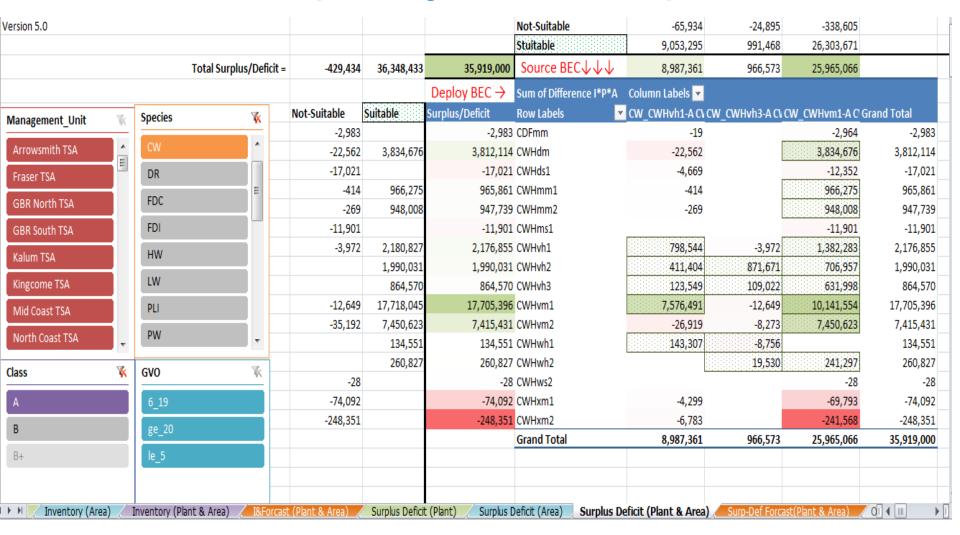
Inventory distributed based on the proportion of trees planted historically by Management Unit then distributed by deployment BEC area within that I



### **CBST Impact and Gap Assessment**

Seed Supply/Demand workbook - Surplus Deficit (Plant & Area)

[Remaining after seed allocation]



# **CBST Impact Assessment and Gap Analysis - Species Summaries**

- Part A List of Orchard Seed Sources for the species
- Part B Impacts compared to GBST
- Part C Gaps orphans, deficits and surpluses
- Part D DRAFT Species Specific Mitigation Options
- Eg. Interior Lodgepole Pine Summary

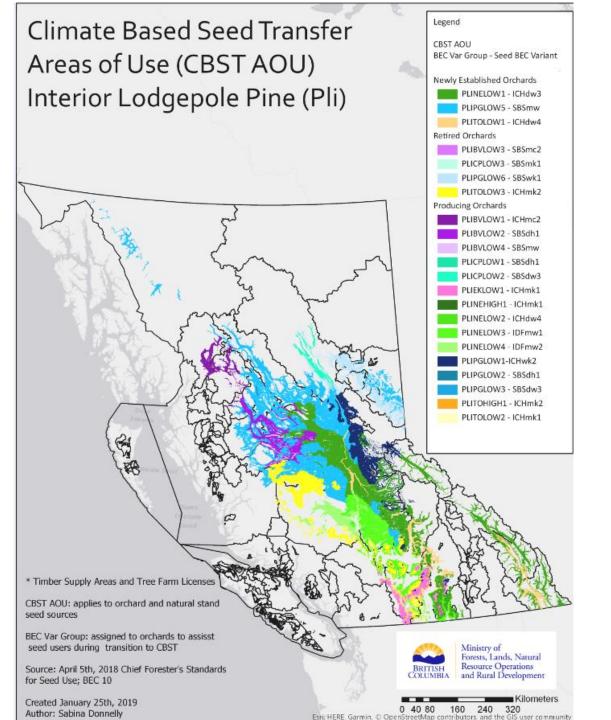
# Part A PLI Orchard Seed sources:

### Sorted by:

Seed BEC
Variant
[assigned under CBST]

There are 11 Seed BEC Variants assigned to PLI orchard seed sources.

Seed BEC	BECvar Group	Orchards
Variant	(link to GBST	
(assigned	for transition	
under CBST)	purposes)	
ICHdw3	PLINELOW1	307 Kalamalka (FLNRO)
ICHdw4	PLINELOW2	337 GRANDVIEW (PRT)
	PLITOLOW1	350 Skimikin (FLNRO)
ICHmc2	PLIBVLOW1	230 Kalamalka (FLNRO)
ICHmk1	PLIEKLOW1	340 Bailey (FLNRO)
	PLINEHIGH1	349 Skimikin (FLNRO)
	PLITOLOW2	338 Kettle River (KRSO), 311 Grandview (PRT)
ICHmk2	PLITOHIGH1	339 Eagle Rock (TOLKO) 308 Grandview (PRT) [PLITOLOW]
ICHwk2	PLIPGLOW1	237 Kettle River (KRSO)
IDFmw1	PLINELOW3	313 Grandview (PRT)
IDFmw2	PLINELOW4	347 Bailey (FLNRO)
SBSdh1	PLIBVLOW2	240 Sorrento (SELECTSD), 219 Vernon (VSOC), 228 PGTIS
		(FLNRO), 245 Quesnel (VSOC)
	PLICPLOW1	238 Kettle River (KRSO)
	PLIPGLOW2	220 PGTIS (FLNRO)
SBSdw3	PLICPLOW2	241 Sorrento (SELECTSD), 218 Vernon (VSOC)
	PLIPGLOW3	352 Skimikin (FLNRO) [rust resistant]
SBSmw	PLIBVLOW4	234 Vernon (VSOC)
	PLIPGLOW5	244 Quesnel (VSOC), 236 Vernon (VSOC), 222 Vernon
		(VSOC)

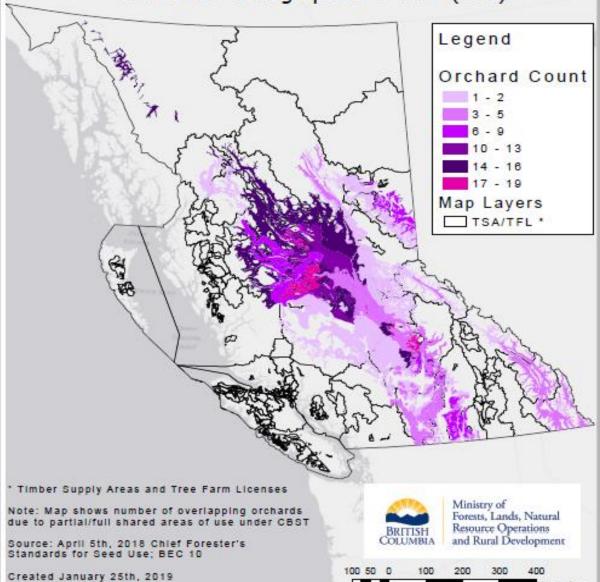


Climate Based Seed Transfer Areas of Use (CBST AOU)

Interior Lodgepole Pine (PLI)

BECvar Group
link to GBST and
FGC species
plans for
transition
purposes

### Climate Based Seed Transfer Seed Deployment Areas for Genetic Class A Seed Sources Interior Lodgepole Pine (Pli)



Esri, HERE, Garmin, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS user communit

Author: Sabina Donnelly

# CBST Seed Deployment Areas

Interior Lodgepole Pine (PLI)

Orchard Count
PLI CBST Areas
of Use [number
of orchards]

### Part B – IMPACTS Relative to GBST

- The area of use (AOU) for Pli orchard seed under GBST (hectares)
  - is reduced by 66% under CBST
  - balanced by a gain in new area of 81%
  - 33% of the area overlaps (unchanged)
  - Provincially, the new CBST Area of Use is
     114% of the GBST area of use for Pli.

### Part B – IMPACTS Relative to GBST

- Orchards assigned to the SBSdw3 (PLIPGLOW3 and PLICPLOW2) and IDFmw2 (PLINELOW4) are the hardest hit by a loss (67-100%) in deployment area
- Orchards assigned to the ICHmk1, <u>IDFmw2</u>, ICHdw3, ICHmk2, and SBSdh1 have the largest expansion in deployment area

NB: Orchards assigned to the <u>IDFmw2</u> have both a significant loss and significant expansion (moving into new areas), and a minimal area of overlap (3%)

### Part C – Gaps - Deficits

#### **Seed Deficits under CBST**

Genetic Class	Annual Planting	Seed Deficit	Seed Deficit / Annual Planting	CBST Suitable Seed Sources	CBST Non Suit Seed Sources	Plantation BEC Variants with Deficits CBST Suitable	Plantation BEC Variants with Deficits CBST Non-Suitable
	Pot'l trees	Pot'l trees	%	%	%	Seed Sources	Seed Sources
Class A	31,033,413	-10,254,832	33	20	80	SBSmc2	SBSmc2, SBSwk1,
							MSdm2, IDFdk1, SBSdk
Class B and B+	62,166,326	-2,515,446	4	0	100	none	BWBSmw, BWBSmk,
							BWBSwk2
Class A, B and B+	93,199,739	-3,058,185	3	0	100	none	BWBSmw, BWBSmk,
							BWBSwk2, ESSFdk1,
							ICHdw1

Seed Deficit Class A: 10.3M 33% of historical annual planting (PLI)

These PLANTATION BEC variants represent approximately 80% or more of the total seed deficit

### Part C – Gaps - Surpluses

Seed Surpluses under CBST							
Genetic	Annual	Seed	Seed Surplus	Plantation BEC Variants representing the largest			
Class	Planting	Surplus	/ Annual	net surplus seed inventories			
			Planting				
	Pot'l trees	Pot'l trees	%				
Class A	31,033,413	13,713,987	44	SBSdw3, SBSmc1, SBSdw1, SBSdw2			
Class B and B+	62,166,326	2,424,978,974	3901	ESSFmv1, SBSmc2, SBSmc3, MSxv			
Class A, B and B+	93,199,739	2,545,001,261	2731	ESSFmv1, SBSmc2, SBSmc3, MSxv			

☐ These PLANTATION BEC variants represent approximately 80% or more of the total seed surplus

Seed Surplus Class A: 13.7M 44% of historical annual planting (PLI)

### Part C – Gaps - Orphans

	Orphans under CBST	
CBST Orphan	BEC variant(s) identified as a CBST Orphan	CBST Orphan without a
Seed Source (seedlot)	BWBSdk, BWBSmk, BWBSmw, BWBSwk2, ESSFmv1, ESSFmv3,	seed deployment area
	ESSFmvp, ICHmw, MSdk2, SBSmk2, SBSwk3	
Plantation (cutblock)	BWBSmk, BWBSmw, BWBSwk2, BWBSwk3, CDFmm, CWHws1,	seed procurement area
	ICHdw1, ICHmc2, ICHmw4, ICHvk1, ICHwc, ICHxw, PPxh3, SBSmk	

- Most of the Plantation BEC variant orphans can be removed by lowering genetic suitability by one unit (except for red underlined BECvars).
- This is currently being reviewed by the geneticists and if acceptable will be incorporated into the Standards in April 2019.

## **Pli Specific Mitigation Options**

- Use GBST to meet seed deficits during transition
- With number of MUs impacted by CBST buying and selling seed will be needed to realign to CBST
- Explore seed sources from Alberta to address BWBSmk and BWBS wk2 deficits
- Consider alternate species in NE BC

## **General Mitigation Options**

- Extend transition period
- Consider development of seed optimization tools
- Ongoing CBST Alternative process, post transition period
- New Seed Orchard design and establishment

## **Future CBST Implementation**

- Implementation of selected Mitigation Options
- End to the transition period
- Coordination with the Climate Informed Species Selection (CISS) Tool, led by RPB.
- Monitoring and evaluation











### www.gov.bc.ca/climatebasedseedtransfer

Forest Improvement and Research Management Branch

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